Financial Statements of

CALGARY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY

Year ended June 30, 2017



KPMG LLP 205 5th Avenue SW Suite 3100 Calgary AB T2P 4B9 Telephone (403) 691-8000 Fax (403) 691-8008 www.kpmg.ca

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Calgary Philharmonic Society

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Calgary Philharmonic Society which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2017, the statements of revenues and expenses, changes in net deficiency and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Calgary Philharmonic Society as at June 30, 2017, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

KPHY LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

September 19, 2017

Calgary, Canada

Statement of Financial Position

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	2017	2016
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 1,878,616	\$ 489,242
Accounts receivable (note 6)	494,467	291,109
Prepaid expenses	546,995	151,169
	2,920,078	931,520
Property and equipment (note 3)	245,884	216,129
Intangible assets (note 4)	37,975	50,995
	\$ 3,203,937	\$ 1,198,644
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 11) Deferred revenue (note 5) Current portion of accrued post retirement benefit obligation (note 10)	\$ 487,013 2,873,895 60,241	\$ 418,342 739,630 60,241
	3,421,149	1,218,213
Deferred capital contributions (note 7) Accrued post retirement benefit	11,182	17,626
obligation (note 10)	43,191	56,475
	3,475,522	1,292,314
Net deficiency:		
Unrestricted net deficiency	(271,585)	(93,670)
Subsequent events (note 6) Commitments (note 13)		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Director

Director

Statement of Revenues and Expenses

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	2017	2016
Revenues:		
Ticket sales	\$ 3,927,421	\$ 3,968,179
Sold services	488,757	694,973
	4,416,178	4,663,152
Donations and sponsorships (notes 6 and 9)	5,320,550	4,937,621
Grants	2,171,451	2,074,192
Special events	252,278	310,291
Investment and other income	67,482	162,632
Foreign exchange gain	1,130	****
	7,812,891	7,484,736
	12,229,069	12,147,888
Expenses:		
Personnel	8,308,331	8,751,441
Marketing, ticketing and development (notes 6 and 9)	1,995,541	1,837,510
Administrative	677,277	555,731
Production	1,366,778	1,313,851
Depreciation and amortization	59,057	72,477
	12,406,984	12,531,010
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	\$ (177,915)	\$ (383,122)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Deficiency

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	Re net	ernally estricted t assets (note 8)	Unrestricted net assets deficiency	Total
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 2	289,452	\$ _	\$ 289,452
Deficiency of revenues over expenses		_	(383,122)	(383,122)
Transfer during the year (note 8)	(2	289,452)	289,452	•
Balance, June 30, 2016	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	 (93,670)	 (93,670)
Deficiency of revenues over expenses		_	(177,915)	(177,915)
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$		\$ (271,585)	\$ (271,585)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	2017	2016
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operations:		
Deficiency of revenues over expenses Items not affecting cash:	\$ (177,915)	\$ (383,122)
Depreciation and amortization	59,057	72,477
Amortization of deferred capital contributions relating to		
property and equipment (note 7)	(6,444)	(8,579)
Post retirement benefit expense (note 10)	24,216	25,662
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(12,318)	_
Post retirement benefit payment (note 10)	(37,500)	(70,000)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances:		
Accounts receivable	(203,358)	(9,297)
Prepaid expenses	(395,826)	2,163
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	68,671	(7,100)
Deferred revenue	2,164,200	(217,921)
	1,482,783	(595,717)
Investments:		
Sale of investments	_	500,000
Purchase of property and equipment	(75,792)	(1,593)
	(75,792)	498,407
Financing:		
Proceeds from demand facility (note 12)	550,000	380,000
Repayment of demand facility (note 12)	(550,000)	(380,000)
Foreign exchange loss on cash held in foreign currency	(17,617)	_
Increase (decrease) in cash	1,389,374	(97,310)
Cash, beginning of year	489,242	586,552
Cash, end of year	\$ 1,878,616	\$ 489,242

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

1. General:

The Calgary Philharmonic Society (the "Society") was formed under the Societies Act of Alberta for the general purpose of operating a philharmonic orchestra in Calgary. The Society is a not-for-profit organization and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and accordingly is exempt from income taxes provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act are met.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Society have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. Management has been required to make estimates and assumptions within the financial statements. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and net assets (deficiency) at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. The most significant estimates relate to the determination of the useful lives of property and equipment, the amortization of deferred capital contributions of property and equipment and the determination of the post retirement benefit obligation. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the accounting policies summarized below.

(a) Revenue recognition:

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for donations and sponsorships whereby restricted donations and sponsorships are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Pledged unrestricted contributions are included in revenue at fair market value in the years to which the contributions are directed per the terms of the pledge and when the amounts are considered to be collectible.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Operating grants received from government agencies are included in revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 9

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(a) Revenue recognition (continued):

Other grants and sponsorships, dedicated to defray operating costs in future seasons, are deferred and included in revenue when such costs are incurred.

Net revenues associated with ticket sales, other earned income activities and special events are deferred until the fiscal year in which the activity takes place.

(b) Donated materials, equipment, and services:

Donated materials, equipment and services are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of contribution when fair value can be reasonably estimated and the items would otherwise be purchased.

A substantial number of volunteers make a significant contribution of their time to the Society. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in these financial statements since it is not susceptible to objective valuation or measurement.

(c) Property and equipment, and intangible assets:

Purchased property, equipment, and intangible assets are recorded at cost at the time of the acquisition. Contributed property, equipment and intangible assets are recorded at fair value at the date of the contribution. Property, equipment and intangible assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Computer equipment and software Music library, leasehold improvements and other Office equipment and furniture Photocopier, fax and telephone equipment Instruments Website development costs	5 years 10 years 10 years 5 years 10 years 5 years
---	---

Notes to Financial Statements, page 10

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Impairment of long-lived assets:

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by a comparison of the asset's carrying amount to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. When quoted market prices are not available, the Society uses the expected future cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risks associated with the recovery of the asset as an estimate of fair value.

(e) Employee future benefits:

Under the Society's contract with its musicians, each musician is eligible for a lump-sum retirement payment upon fulfilling certain criteria. The cost of the retirement benefit earned by the musicians is charged as an expense as services are rendered using the projected benefit method prorated on service. The cost of the post retirement benefit reflects a number of assumptions that affect the expected future benefit payments. These assumptions include, but are not limited to: attrition; mortality; the discount rate used; and the estimated average remaining service life. Adjustments arising out of any changes to the post retirement benefit or changes in assumptions and experience gains or losses are normally amortized over the expected remaining average service life of the musicians.

The Society accrues its obligation under the agreement and has adopted the following policies:

- the cost of retirement benefits earned by the musicians is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and the Society's best estimate of expected withdrawals and retirement ages of musicians;
- past service costs from the agreement amendments are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service lifetime of the musicians active at the date of amendment;
- actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service lifetime of the musicians active at the date of valuation; and
- when a restructuring of the agreement gives rise to both a curtailment and a settlement, the curtailment is accounted for prior to the settlement.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 11

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Society has not elected to carry and such financial instruments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the effective interest rate method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Society determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Society expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

3. Property and equipment:

Computer equipment and software	 \$ Cost 125,930	an \$	nortization 109,402	\$ value 16,528	\$ value 14,335
Music library, leasehold improvements and other	167,884		110,728	57,156	93,511
Office equipment and furniture Photocopies, fax and telephone	9,968		6,350	3,618	5,613
equipment	165,920		40,821	125,099	46,908
Instruments	201,539		158,056	43,483	55,762

Notes to Financial Statements, page 12

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

4. Intangible assets:

	Cost	Accumulated amortization		2017 Net book value	İ	2016 Net book value
Website development costs	\$ 78,000	\$	40,025	\$ 37,975	\$	50,995

5. Deferred revenue:

As at June 30,	2017	 2016
Education program (note 6)	\$ 1,197,479	\$ ****
Subscription sales and other	976,594	612,563
Grants	634,822	52,067
Corporate sponsorships	65,000	75,000
	\$ 2,873,895	\$ 739,630

6. Related party transactions and subsequent events:

The Calgary Philharmonic Orchestra Foundation (the "Foundation") was formed under the Societies Act of Alberta. One director of the Society, is a member on the board of trustees of the Foundation. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Society received cash contributions of \$4,297,562 (2016 - \$2,851,938) from the Foundation, of which \$3,100,083 was included in donations and sponsorships revenue (2016 - \$2,851,938) and \$1,197,479 was included in deferred revenue as at June 30, 2017 (2016 - \$nil). The deferred revenue is related to an educational program of the Society, which held its 2017 program subsequent to year-end. In addition to the amounts received in cash, the Society recognized an additional \$130,878 in donations and sponsorships revenue from the Foundation which is included in accounts receivable as at June 30, 2017 (2016 - \$29,741) and was collected subsequent to year-end.

Any amounts that are due between the Society and the Foundation are unsecured, do not bear interest and have no specific repayment terms.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Society recognized \$10,612 (2016 – \$3,098) of donations and sponsorships revenue and marketing, ticketing and development expense for inkind legal services provided by a firm whose managing partner serves on the board of directors of the Society.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 13

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

7. Deferred capital contributions:

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized portion of contributed property and equipment.

The changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

As at June 30,	2017	2016
Balance, beginning of year Amounts amortized to revenue	\$ 17,626 (6,444)	\$ 26,205 (8,579)
Balance, end of year	\$ 11,182	\$ 17,626

8. Internally restricted net assets:

The Society established a cash reserve policy which requires the Society to have in place a cash reserve, which can be comprised of cash and/or investments, totaling \$559,000 to continue to meet the granting conditions of the Alberta Foundation for the Arts ("AFA"). Funds may only be removed upon approval by the Board of Directors to temporarily finance unforeseen operating deficits and any funds removed from the cash reserve must be replenished within three fiscal years from the end of the fiscal year in which the cash reserve funds were utilized.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, funds were drawn from the cash reserve by the Society. As such, effective June 30, 2016 the Board of Directors approved the transfer of the remaining internally restricted net assets of the Society totaling \$289,452 to unrestricted net assets.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Board of Directors amended the policy such that the reserve is to be increased to 7% of the operating budget or \$770,000 within the next three to five years.

9. Donations and sponsorships:

During the year ended June 30, 2017, donations and sponsorships includes an amount totaling \$753,415 (2016 - \$714,356) which represents the fair value of materials and services donated to the Society. The corresponding amounts have been charged to the appropriate expense account.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 14

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

10. Post retirement benefit obligation:

Under the Society's agreement with its musicians, each musician is eligible for a lump-sum retirement payment upon fulfilling certain criteria. The lump-sum post retirement payment is equal to \$500 per year for each year of service. During the year ended June 30, 2013, and effective for the 2015-16 season, the maximum amount of the payment was increased from \$10,000 to \$12,500 and the eligibility requirement for payment was changed from the individual reaching the age of 65: 1) to a combined age and years of service equaling a total of 95 or greater or; 2) having reached the age of 65. The payment will be paid by the Society from cash resources available at the time and notice must be given in writing to the Society ten months prior to the end of their last season.

The accrued post retirement benefit obligation as at June 30, 2017 was \$103,432 (2016 - \$116,716). During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Society paid \$37,500 (2016 - \$70,000) in relation to the post retirement benefit obligation.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the changes in the plans benefit obligations for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	 2017	2016
Accrued benefit obligation,		
beginning of year	\$ 259,792	\$ 341,036
Current service cost	8,920	9,989
Interest cost on accrued benefit obligation	9,374	11,851
Benefit payments	(37,500)	(70,000)
Actuarial gain	(10,110)	(33,084)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	230,476	259,792
Unamortized past service costs	(44,141)	(54,511)
Unamortized net actuarial loss	(82,903)	(88,565)
Accrued benefit liability	\$ 103,432	\$ 116,716
Less current portion	60,241	60,241
	\$ 43,191	\$ 56,475

Notes to Financial Statements, page 15

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

10. Post retirement benefit obligation (continued):

The following table provides the components of net periodic benefit expense for each of the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	2017	2016
Service cost	\$ 8,920	\$ 9,989
Interest cost	9,374	11,851
Amortization of prior service cost and other	5,922	3,822
	\$ 24,216	\$ 25,662

The following table provides key assumptions and data used in the measurement of the Society's benefit obligations at June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	2017	2016
Discount rate	3.75%	3.75%
Retirement age	65	65
Average age	43.6	45.3
Average years of service	17.3	17.9
Number of musicians	59	60

The following table discloses the current estimate of future benefit payments over the next five years:

	20	<u>17</u>
2018	\$ 62,50	00
2019	37,50	00
2020	50,00	00
2021	25,00	00
2022	12,50	00

Notes to Financial Statements, page 16

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

11. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$25,381 (2016 - \$6,323) which includes amounts payable for Goods & Services Tax.

12. Revolving demand facility:

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Society obtained a \$25,000 revolving demand facility, increasing to \$725,000 on March 13, 2017 and reducing to \$25,000 on June 16, 2017, and bears interest at the bank's prime lending rate plus 1.25% per annum. During the year, the Society drew \$550,000, which was fully repaid. At June 30, 2017, the full amount of the facility remained undrawn. The facility is due for review by the lender on September 30, 2017 and is secured by a general security agreement against the assets of the Society. Management believes the facility will be renewed to an acceptable level, however, there is no assurance that this will occur. If the renewal does not occur to an acceptable level management will seek other ways to manage working capital fluctuations.

13. Commitments:

The Society is committed to making the following approximate annual lease payments related to its office and office equipment:

2018 2019 2020 2021	\$ 86,300 86,300 86,300 78,300
2022	77,100
2023 and thereafter	11,700

Notes to Financial Statements, page 17

Year ended June 30, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

14. Financial instruments:

(a) Risk management:

The Society has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

(i) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment resulting in a financial loss to the Society. The fair value of a financial instrument takes into account the credit rating of its issuer. The Society's cash, investments, accounts receivable and amounts due from The Calgary Philharmonic Orchestra Foundation are subject to credit risk. Cash is deposited with a Canadian chartered bank. The maximum exposure to credit risk on these instruments is their carrying value.

(ii) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Society will not be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due. The Society aims to retain a sufficient cash position to manage liquidity.

(iii) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the Society's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while maximizing the return.

(iv) Foreign exchange risk:

The Society is exposed to risk arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The Society manages its foreign exchange risk by monitoring the U.S. dollar exchange rate and its business conditions including the current economic conditions.

15. Additional information to comply with the disclosure requirements of the Charitable Fundraising Act and Regulation:

Expenses incurred for the purposes of soliciting contributions were \$160,155 (2016 - \$91,356) and the total amount paid as remuneration to employees of the Society whose principal duties involved fundraising were \$372,765 (2016 - \$391,997).